Field Service Spares Replacement Procedure - PCU Kit, XX07

Approval:

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Revision History

Rev.	ECO	Description of Change	Date
X1	8870	Initial release	08-18-2011
Α	9059	Clerical revisions	10-30-2011
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Page 1 of 1	Sea Tel	Document No 135320 Rev A
	СОВНАЛІ	133320 1/67 /4

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1. Brief Summary:

Troubleshooting document for diagnosing a fault with and replacing the PCU assembly on the XXo7 series antennas.

2. Checklist:

- Verify Initialization
- No Parameter
- Pedestal Error

3. Theory of Operation:

The PCU motherboard calculates the amount of movement from the vessel based on the feedback from the sensors in the level cage and directional changes from the vessels gyro compass which are fed into the control loop. It then sends the command to the motor driver PCB or servo amplifier to drive the relevant axis an equal and opposite amount of movement to maintain stabilization and control the antennas dishscan pattern.

All tracking, targeting, pointing and polarization commands are sent from the DAC, based on the vessels GPS location or operator inputs to the PCU. The PCU in turns sends the commands to drive the relevant axis based on the vessels GPS location or operator inputs. The PCU software configures the function of the pedestal and is calibrated by the No parameter which sets the motor gains for the size of the antenna as well as configuring the dishscan pattern.

Should the PCU flag up a pedestal error (error 8) further diagnostics will need to be done to identify which axis(s) the error is located in and also the component(s) which are faulty. This document will run through decoding the pedestal error then further troubleshooting the relevant axis to diagnose which component(s) are defective.

4. Verify Initialization:

- Power cycle the pedestal
 - 1. Brakes release from the EL and CL motors
 - 2. Level cage drives to its end stop, then backs off exactly 45 degrees
 - 3. Elevation axis drives to 45 degrees based on the level cages horizon reference
 - 4. Cross level axis drives to level based on the level cages horizon reference
 - 5. Unlimited azimuth axis drives clockwise until the home flag and sensor make contact

If the ACU reports model "xx97", the PCUs No parameter needs calibrating, refer to the "calibrating the PCU System Parameter (No)" section of this document. Failure of any of the initialization steps, or a pedestal error requires further troubleshooting.

Page 1 of 11	Sea Tel	Document No 135320 Rev A
	COBHAM	135320 Rev A

5. Pedestal Error (Error 8):

5.1. Decoding a Pedestal Error.

When the DAC displays a pedestal error enter into the remote command window and input "Soooo" then press enter twice. The error code will now be displayed in the Remote Monitor screen. Decode the 4th character of the error code from the below table...

@	None	K	Ref + LV + CL	٧	Stab Limit + AZ + LV
Α	CL	L	Ref + AZ	W	Stab Limit + AZ + LV + CL
В	LV	М	Ref + AZ + CL	X	Stab Limit + Ref
C	CL + LV	N	Ref + AZ + LV	Υ	Stab Limit + Ref + CL
D	AZ	0	Ref + AZ + LV + CL	Z	Stab Limit + Ref + LV
E	AZ + CL	Р	Stab Limit	[Stab Limit + Ref + LV + CL
F	AZ + LV	Q	Stab Limit + CL	١	Stab Limit + Ref + AZ
G	AZ + LV + CL	R	Stab Limit + LV]	Stab Limit + Ref + AZ + CL
Н	Ref	S	Stab Limit + CL + LV	٨	Stab Limit + Ref + AZ + LV
I	Ref + CL	Т	Stab Limit + AZ	_	Stab Limit + Ref + AZ + LV + CL
J	Ref + LV	U	Stab Limit + AZ + CL		

5.2. Error Types.

The 3 types of pedestal error are.....

- 1. **Servo Limit (CL, LV and AZ)** A servo limit error means the PCU motherboard is issuing the command to the motor driver PCB/servo amp to drive the relevant axis harder than it should under normal operation (the servo limit has been reached). This could be whilst the antenna is trying to maintain its pointing angle, or whilst the antenna is driving the axis to a target position.
- 2. **Stability Limit** A stability limit error means the antenna has mispointed from its desired target position by more than half a degree. When a stability limit error is flagged on a VSAT antenna the DAC will send the TX Mute command to inhibit the transmit function of the satellite modem (It's common to see the servo limit and stability limit errors together).
- 3. AZ Reference Error An azimuth reference error means there is a corrupt reading in the antennas relative scale. This could be caused by the system completing a 360 degree rotation without the switch coming into contact with the home flag, the switch coming into contact with the home flag to early, or a physical problem such as the chain slipping on the motor pulley or the pulley slipping on the motor shaft.

	Coo Tol	Decument No.
Page 2 of 11	Sea Lel	Document No 135320 Rev A
	СОВНАМ	133320 Rev A

5.3. Troubleshooting Pedestal Errors – Servo and Stability Limit.

- 1. Reinitialize the pedestal; does it drive correctly or at all? If none of the axis drive verify the No and motor gain parameters ($N_1 = CL$, $N_2 = EL$ and $N_3 = AZ$) are correctly configured in the PCU through the Remote Command window of the DAC.
- 2. Verify the Balance of the antenna and check for physical restrictions on the pedestal. If the axis isn't correctly balanced the PCU will be outputting additional drive commands to maintain the antennas level position.
- 3. If the motor isn't driving correctly or no motor drive is present, test the motor for faults using the below procedure, if the motor is defective replace it and then retest the function of the antenna. If the axis still fails to drive correctly the defective motor has damaged the motor driver PCB. Replace the PCU assembly.
- 4. Verify the brakes have released properly. If the movement of the axis is restricted measure the output to the motor to verify if the 12V is present. If so the brake hasn't released the motor is defective. If the 12V isn't present trouble shoot the harness / brake servo PCB to diagnose the fault.
- 5. Another potential problem could be a damaged or intermittent harness connection. Remove the harness back shells and verify all the pins are seated correctly, check continuity from pin to pin and also across the pins to verify there is no short in the connections.

5.4. Troubleshooting Pedestal Errors – Azimuth Reference Error.

- 1. Reinitialize the system and verify the switch comes into contact with the home flag as the system drives in azimuth. If not verify if the switch is present.
- Drive the azimuth axis in 90 degree increments and verify that the antenna points correctly and that
 the DAC displays the correct relative position. Also verify that there is no physical restriction on the
 azimuth axis such as the chain slipping on the motor pulley, or the pulley slipping on the motor shaft

5.5. Test the Motor.

- 1. Check continuity between ground (the motor connector back shell) and the 3 driver outputs on pins 1, 2 and 3 of the harness.
- 2. Now check continuity between pins 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 and the ground (the motor connector back shell).
- 3. Also check between the individual pins 1, 2 and 3 and the rest of the pins (i.e. test pin 1 to pin 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 and so on, not between pins 1 and 2, 1 and 3 or 2 and 3).

If there is any continuity measured on the steps mentioned above, the motor is defective. If the motor has drawn excessive current then there is a possibility the motor driver PCB (and potentially the PCU motherboard) have been damaged. The antennas operation should be verified with a replacement motor. If after replacing the motor the antenna is still not operational replace the PCU assembly as per the following procedure.

Page 3 of 11	Sea Tel	Document No
	СОВНАМ	135320 Rev A

Field Service Procedure - PCU Kit, XX07

6. Home Flag Offset:

If an unlimited azimuth antenna has been installed, with an offset from the bow of the vessel it's possible the Home Flag Offset (HFO) has been calibrated in the PCU to correct the relative scale. Before replacing a PCU it's advisable to guery the HFO (N6) parameter to verify if it will need to be configured in the replacement PCU.

To query the HFO combine the parameter code "N6" with the query code "999" and enter "N6999" into the remote command window of the DAC and press the enter button. If there is a home flag offset the response will show the value of "XXX" meaning the relative scale of the antenna has been calibrated, if the value "ooo" is returned, no HFO has been configured.

N6 -				

7. Procedure for Replacing the XXo7 Series PCU:

7.1. Tools.

- 2mm Flat Blade (Terminal) Screwdriver
- 5/16" Wrench/Spanner
- 9/64" Allen Wrench/Key
- #1 Phillips Screwdriver
- Cutters/Snips
- Loctite 242
- Cables Ties/Tie Wraps

7.2. Procedure.

Procedure for replacing the XXo7 Series PCU Assembly, Sea Tel kit part number: 135385 (PCU assembly part number: 123845-3).

*CAUTION: Power down the pedestal before following this procedure.

1. Using a 2mm flat blade screwdriver undo the D-sub harness connections from the modem.



2. Undo the harness connections from the PCU using a 2mm flat blade screwdriver.



3. Undo the GPS antennas BNC connector from the PCU.



Page 5 of 11	Sea Tel	Document No 135320 Rev A
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4. Using a 5/16" wrench undo the 2 SMA cables from the modem. You may want to fit a cable tie to the top cable for reference later.



5. Cut the cable ties retaining the harness cables to the side of the PCU.



6. Using a 9/64" Allen wrench undo the 4 screws securing the PCU and modem assembly to the equipment frame.

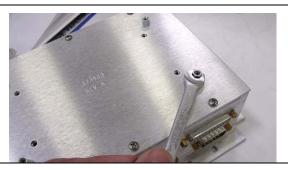


7. Using a #1 Phillips screwdriver remove the 4 screws securing the modem to the PCU.



Page 6 of 11 Document No 135320 Rev A

8. Remove the standoffs from the PCU using a 1/4" wrench.



9. Apply Loctite 242 to the standoffs and screws and then refit the modem to the replacement PCU assembly.



10. Re install the PCU to the equipment frame applying Loctite 242 to the threads. Ensure the mounting plates are correctly aligned on the rails of the equipment frame.



11. Reinstall the BNC connector to the PCU.



Page 7 of 11

Sea Tel
Document No
135320 Rev A

Field Service Procedure - PCU Kit, XX07

12. Reinstall the harness connections to the PCU. 13. Reinstall the harness connections to the modem. 14. Reinstall the SMA connections to the modem. 15. Secure the excess harness cables to the edge of the PCU using cable ties.

Page 8 of 11	Document No 135320 Rev A
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8. Calibrating the XXo7 PCUs No Parameter:

As PCUs are universal across the model range it's necessary to configure the No parameter of the replacement PCU to the specification of the pedestal it will be installed on. This will set the motor gains for CL (N1), EL (N2) and AZ (N3) and also configure the dishscan pattern (N7) for the size of the pedestals reflector.

Without the No parameter configured in the PCU the antenna won't initialize as none of the motor gains will be set, only the level cage will drive. The status window of the DAC will also display the model number of the antenna as "xx97" opposed to 9707 or 9507.

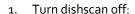
- Enter into the remote command screen and input the correct No parameter for the model of antenna as per the below table. I.e. the No parameter for a 9707 is "211" so enter "No211" ("No" for the system parameter + "211" for the antenna model).
- Save the remote parameters.
- Cycle power to the system to reinitialize the pedestal, verifying the No has saved and the system initializes correctly.

Model	No	N1	N ₂	N ₃	N ₇
8807	205	50	50	50	133
9407	206	50	50	50	133
12007	207	50	50	50	193
14407	208	71	71	71	214
8707	209	50	50	50	133
9607	210	50	50	50	133
9707	211	50	50	50	133
14607	212	91	91	91	133
9507	213	71	71	71	192

Page 9 of 11	Sea Tel	Document No 135320 Rev A

Calibrating the Remote Tilt Setting:

This procedure is required to calibrate the level cage so that all the sensors will be accurately aligned to their axis. The fluid filled tilt sensor provides a two dimensional horizon reference. The system is not able to automatically calculate the exact center value, therefore it is necessary to perform this procedure to manually enter any offset required to make sure the PCU receives a true horizon reference.



Enter into the Setup Menu by pressing and holding the arrows together until the EL Trim or Auto Trim parameter is displayed.

Use the arrow key to scroll through the menu until the dishscan window is displayed.

Press the arrow to activate the window and then press the arrow, followed by the button to turn dishscan from on to off.

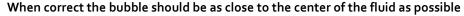
*Note: When you press the arrow to turn dishscan off you won't see the display change until you press the button.

(Steps 2-7 requires assistance to observe and operate antenna simultaneously)

- 2. Enter into the Setup Menu by pressing and holding the parameter is displayed.
- 3. Push the arrow key until the Remote Tilt window is displayed.
- 4. Push the arrow key to activate the Remote Tilt setting.
- 5. Use the arrow keys to position the bubble as close to the center as possible. Each press of an arrow key on the directional pad will move the Remote Tilt ½ a degree. It is advised that you only press the button once and wait for the axis to move before pressing it again.

When standing behind the antenna looking at the bubble, if the bubble is over to the right, you need to press the (right) arrow to bring the bubble into the center. If the bubble is down towards you, you need to press the (down) arrow to bring it towards the center. If the bubble is to the left, you need to press the (left) arrow and if the bubble is up towards the top, you need press the (up) arrow to move it towards the center.

Page 10 of 11	Sea Tel	Document No
Page 10 01 11	COBHAM	135320 Rev A





- 6. When the bubble is as central as possible press the button to deactivate the Remote Tilt setting.
- 7. Turn dishscan on:

Enter into the Setup Menu by pressing and holding the parameter is displayed.

Use the arrow key to scroll through the menu until the dishscan window is displayed.

Press the earrow key to activate the window and then press the arrow key, followed by the button to turn dishscan from off to on.

*Note: When you press the arrow to turn dishscan on you won't see the display change until you press the button.

- 8. Save the Remote Tilt setting in the PCU:
 - Press the arrow key until the Remote Parameters window is displayed.

Press the arrow key to activate the window followed by the button (you'll see a confirmation on the display saying "Saved").

9. As good practice make a note of your N₄ and N₅ parameters once you have correctly set the remote tilt. The N₄ and N₅ parameters are a numeric read of the remote tilt. To do this go to the remote command window and key in N₄999 to read the CL setting, followed by N₅999 to read the EL setting.

Page 11 of 11 Se	Document No 135320 Rev A
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